

CLASS REVIEW

Topics Covered

```
Exposure: basics & creative
        Focusing
      Camera modes
       Composition
          Light
          Editing
   Landscapes/Nature
          Moon
       Storytelling
         Portraits
    Cameras & lenses
```



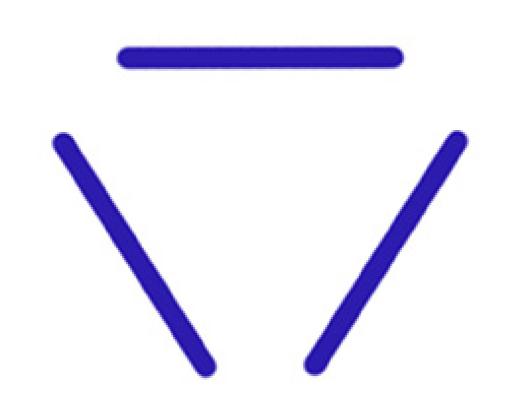


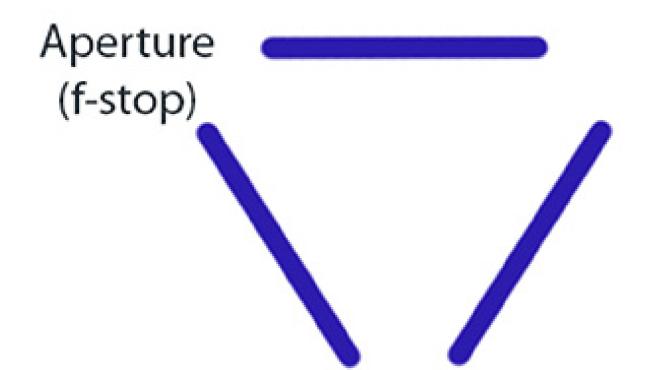


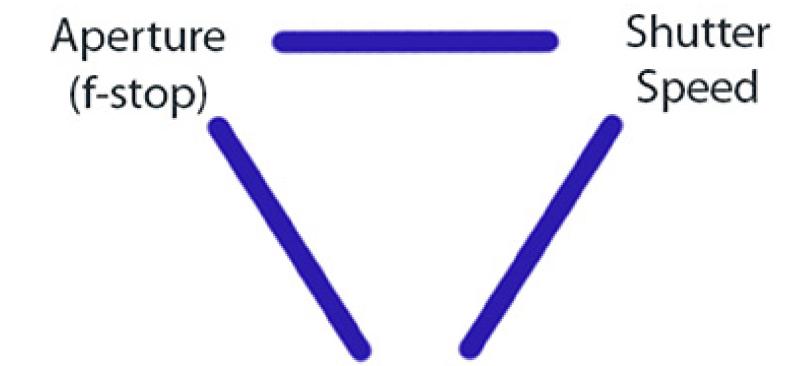


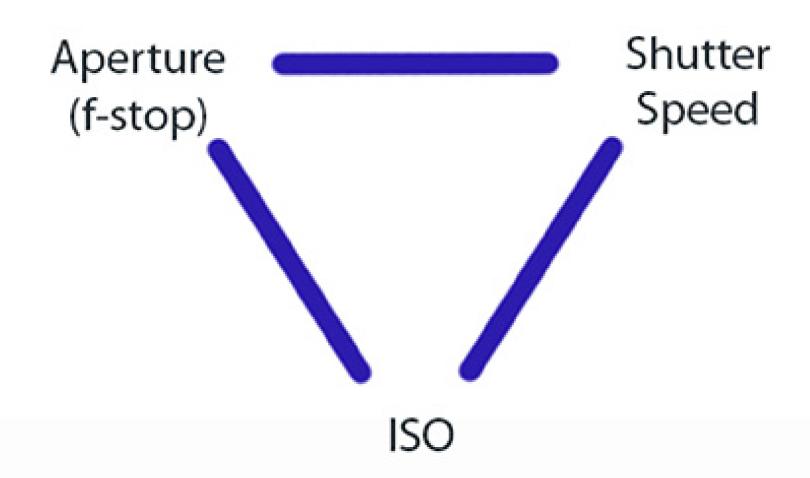












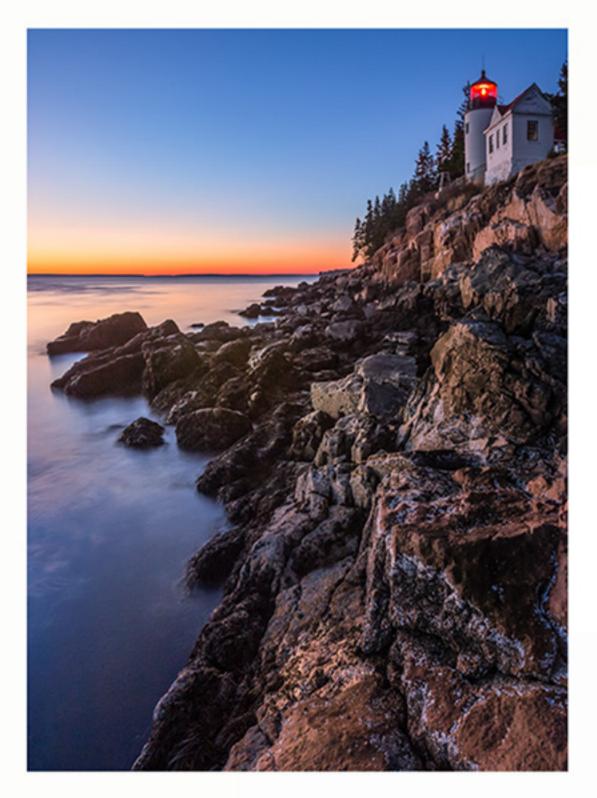
What does ISO do?

What does ISO do?

Increases the signal's gain.

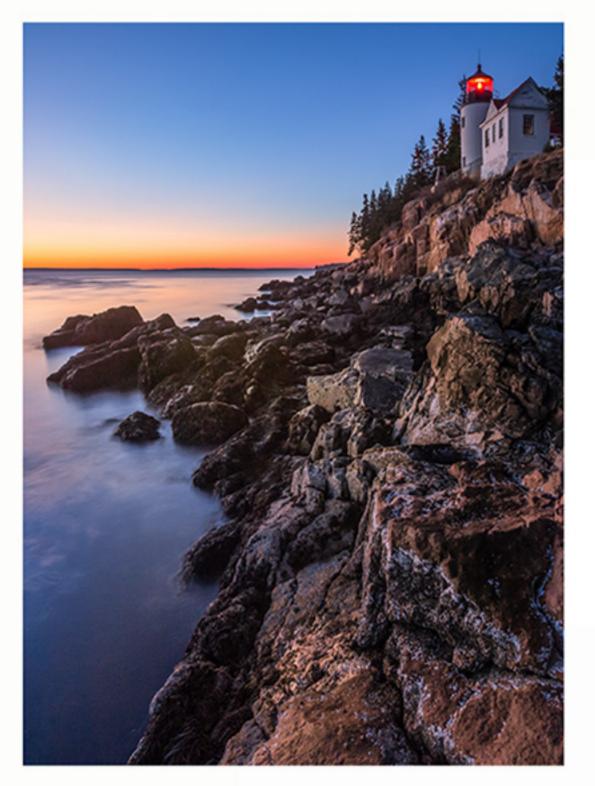
(Think of it as controlling the sensor's sensitivity to light.)

Does higher ISO make the sensor more or less "sensitive" to light?





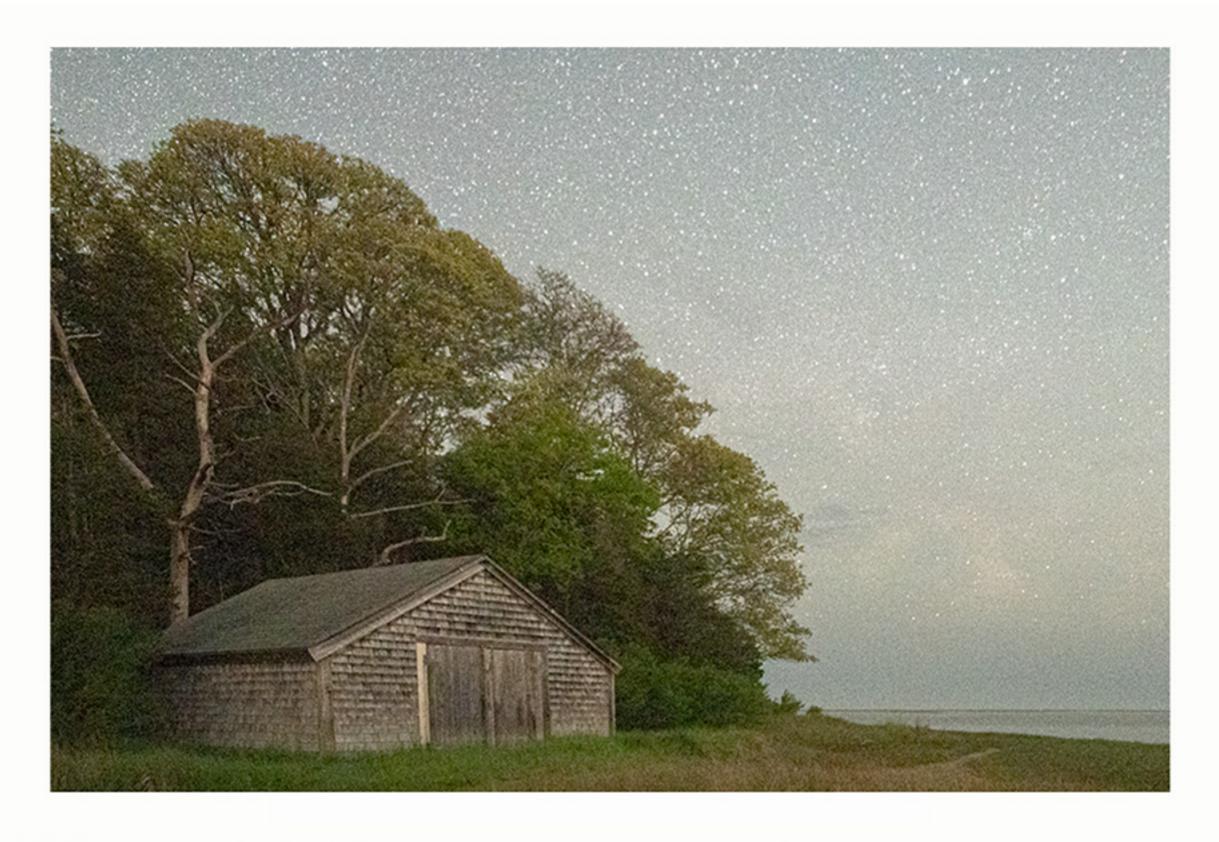
When might you want to increase your ISO?



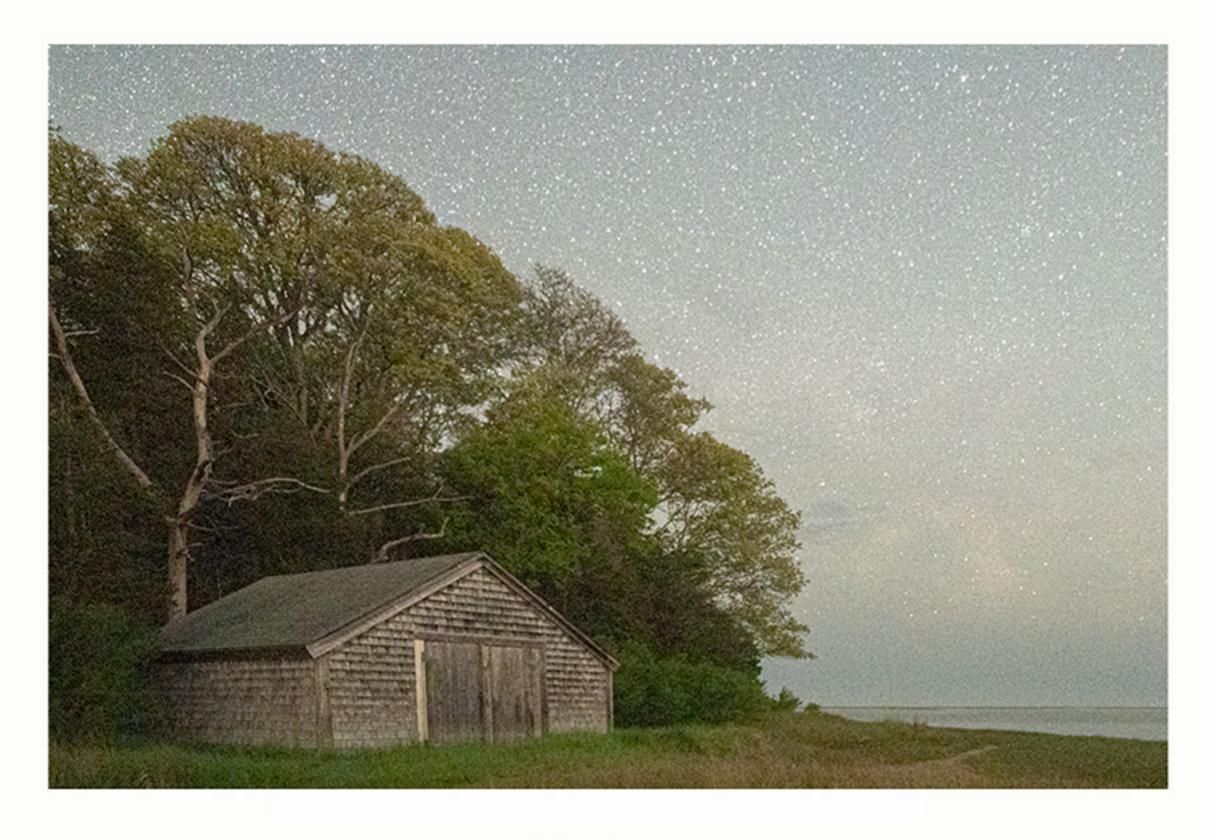


Low light

Need faster shutter speed/ freeze the action



What might be an unwanted consequence of using a high ISO?



Noise

Auto ISO

- ISO changes to correct settings based on aperture and shutter speed
- Use in Aperture, Priority, Shutter Priority or Manual
- Helpful in general photography, action, travel, street, etc.
- Potential problems:

May result in unaceptably high ISO

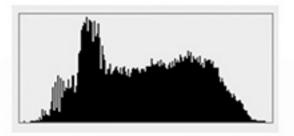
May not work in extreme light or dark situations

(won't go high/low enough)

How can you check that exposure is correct?

How can you check that exposure is correct?

Histogram



How can you override/customize exposure while in Aperture or Shutter Priority?

How can you override/customize exposure?

Exposure Compensation

Aperture Priority

Aperture Priority

- You set aperture, camera sets shutter speed

Aperture Priority

- You set aperture, camera sets shutter speed

Shutter Priority

Aperture Priority

- You set aperture, camera sets shutter speed

Shutter Priority

- You set shutter speed, camera sets aperture

Aperture Priority

- You set aperture, camera sets shutter speed

Shutter Priority

- You set shutter speed, camera sets aperture

Manual Exposure

- You set aperture, shutter speed, ISO

Getting the "Correct" Exposure

- Aperture Priority. set aperture and check shutter speed.
 Adjust aperture and/or ISO as necessary.
- Shutter Priority. Set shutter and check aperture.
 Adjust shutter speed and/or ISO as necessary.
- Manual. Adjust aperture, shutter speed and/or ISO until light meter indicate proper exposure.

White Balance: What does it do?













White Balance: What does it do?













White balance adjusts color temperature to make colors appear natural, to make white look white.



In addition to exposure, what else does aperture/f-stop affect?



Three things affect depth of field



Three things affect depth of field 1. Aperture/F-Stop



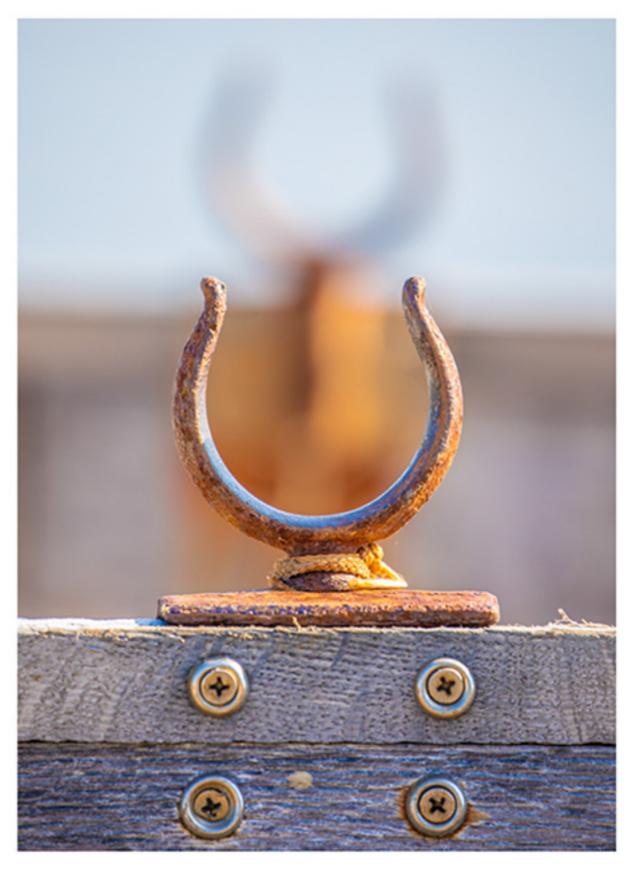
Three things affect depth of field

- 1. Aperture/F-Stop
- 2. Focal Length of Lens

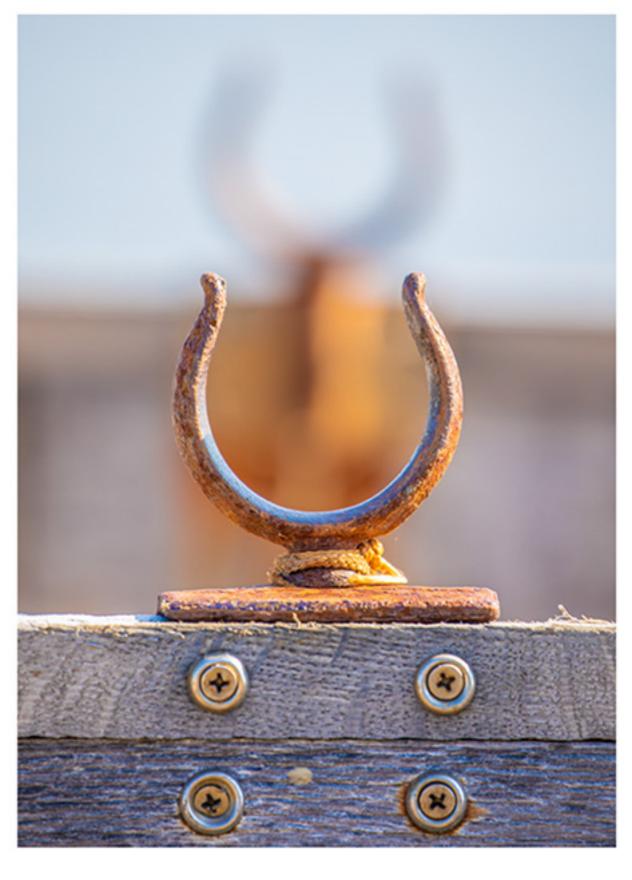


Three things affect depth of field

- 1. Aperture/F-Stop
- 2. Focal Length of Lens
- 3. Proximity to Subject

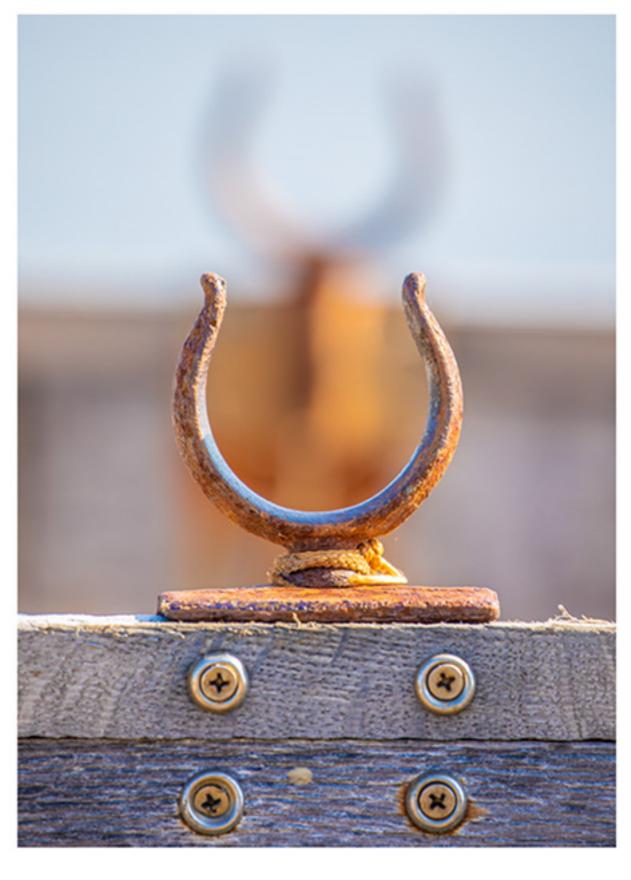


F5.6, 400mm



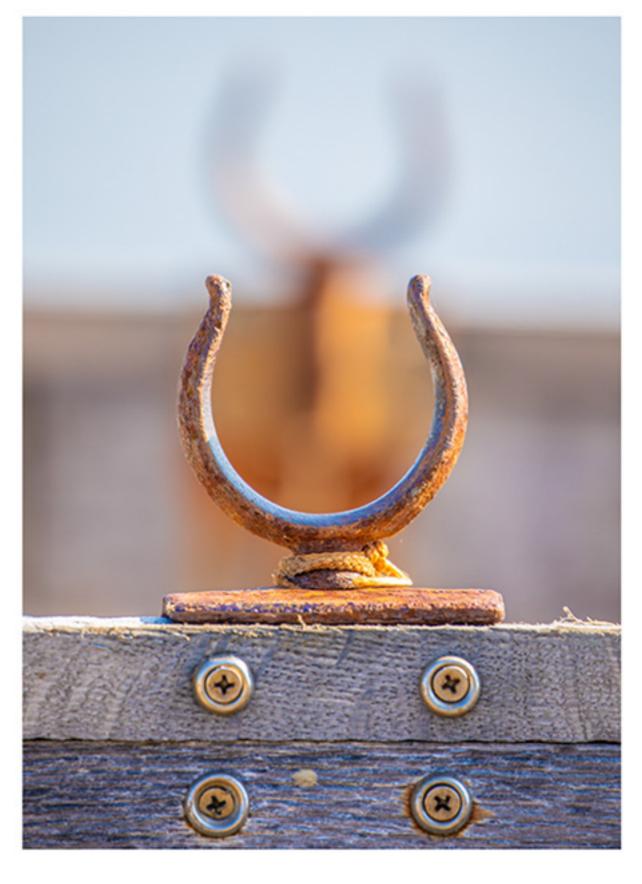
1. Low f-stop

FS.6, 400mm



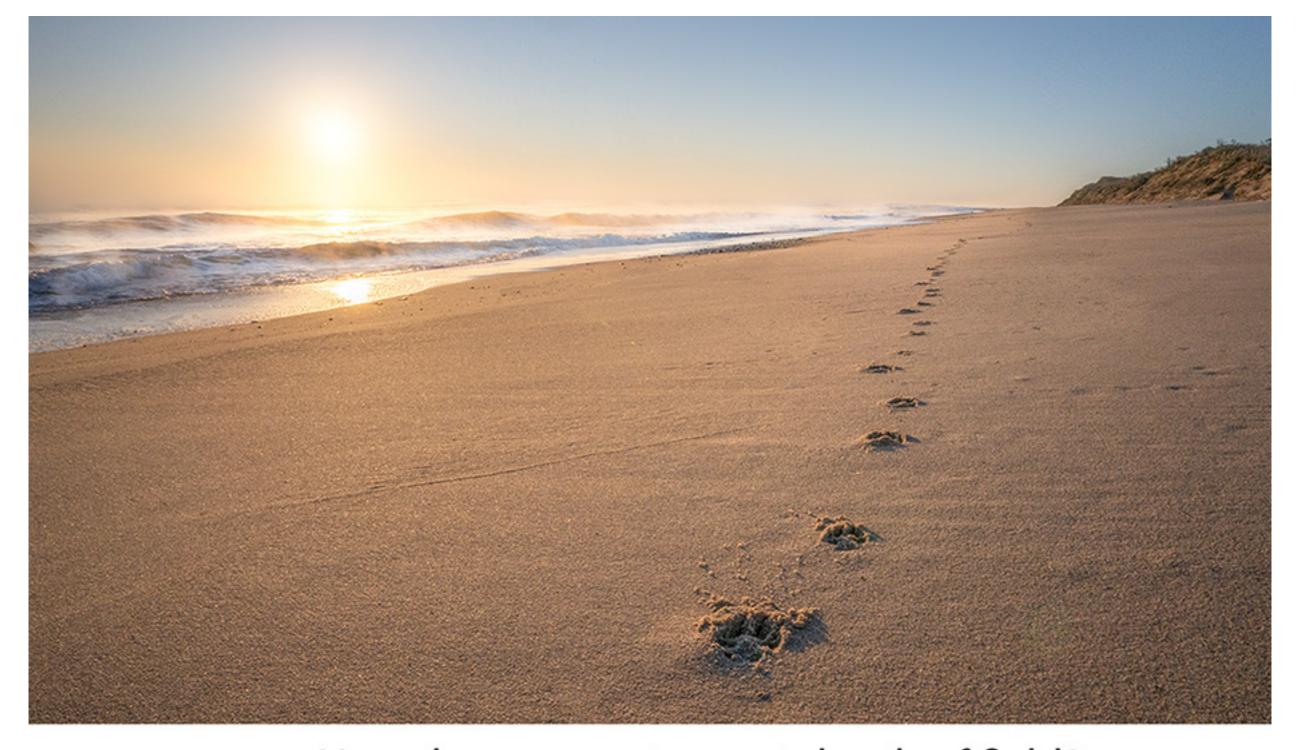
1. Low f-stop

2. Proximity to subect

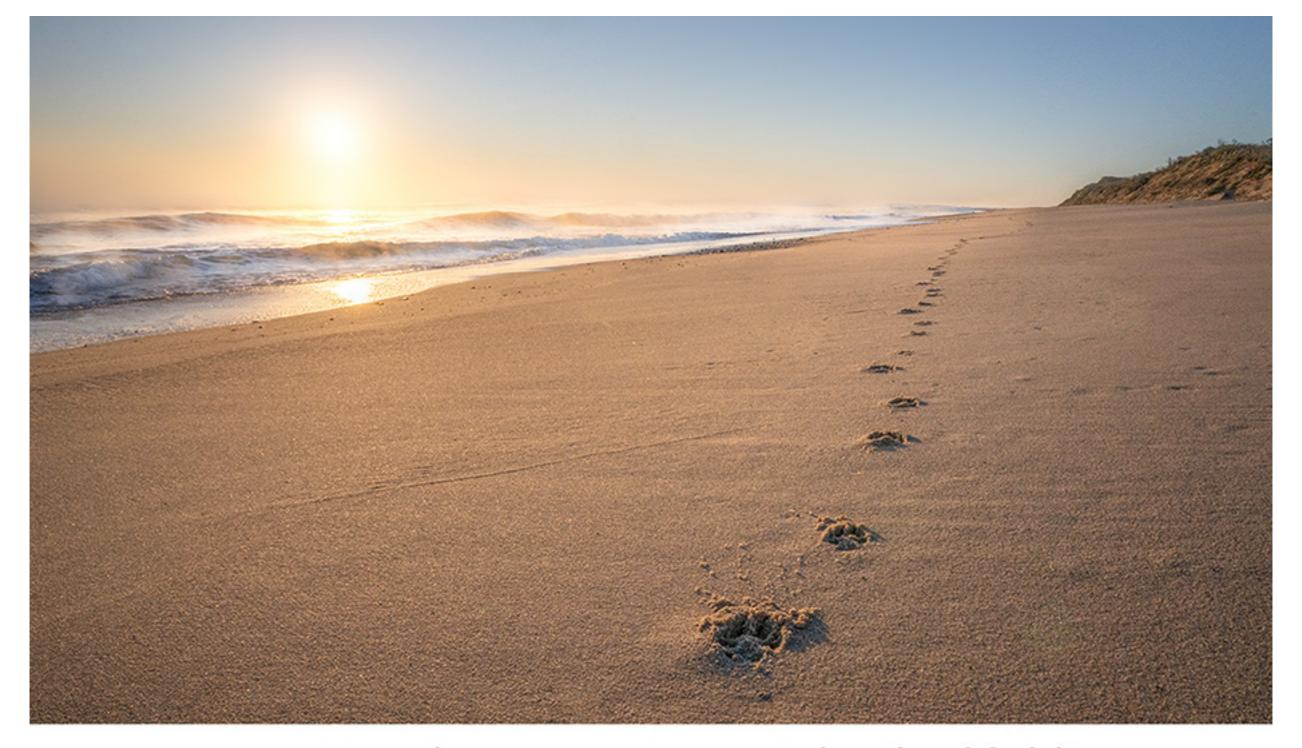


- 1. Low f-stop
- 2. Proximity to subject
- 3. Long lens

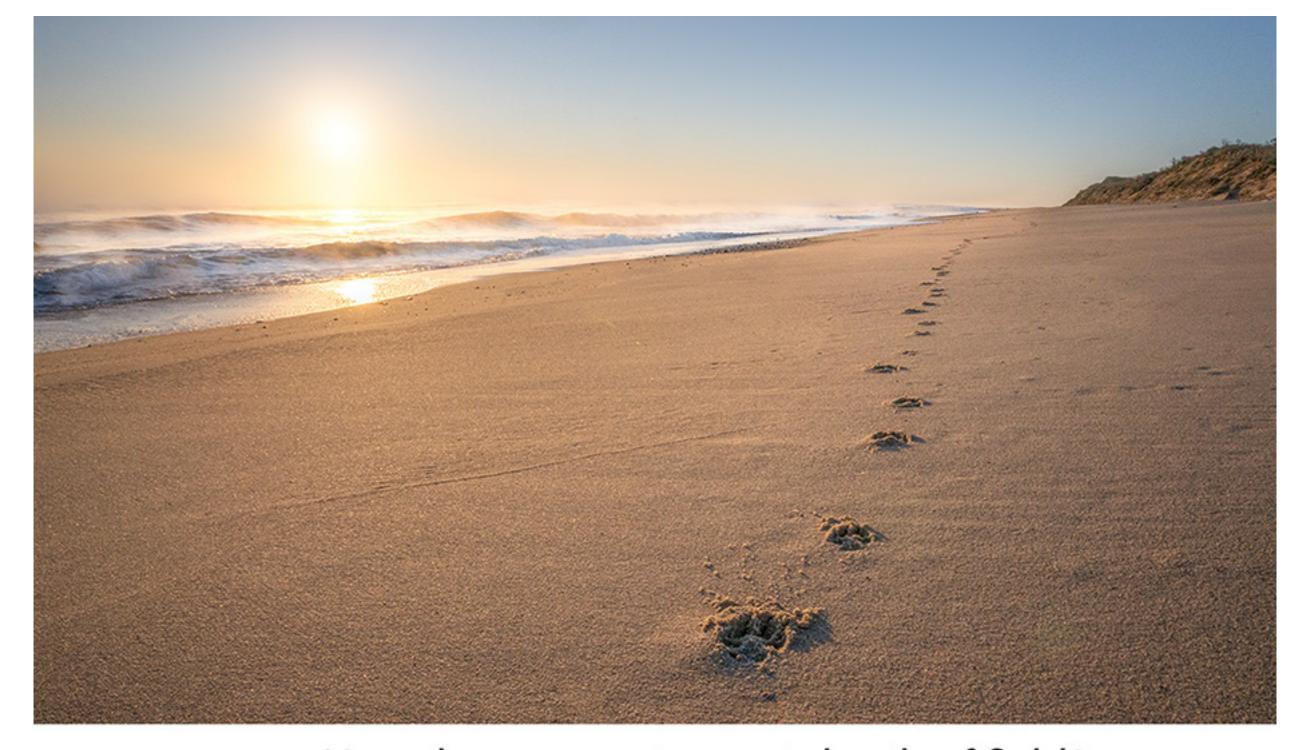
F5.6, 400mm



How do you create great depth of field?

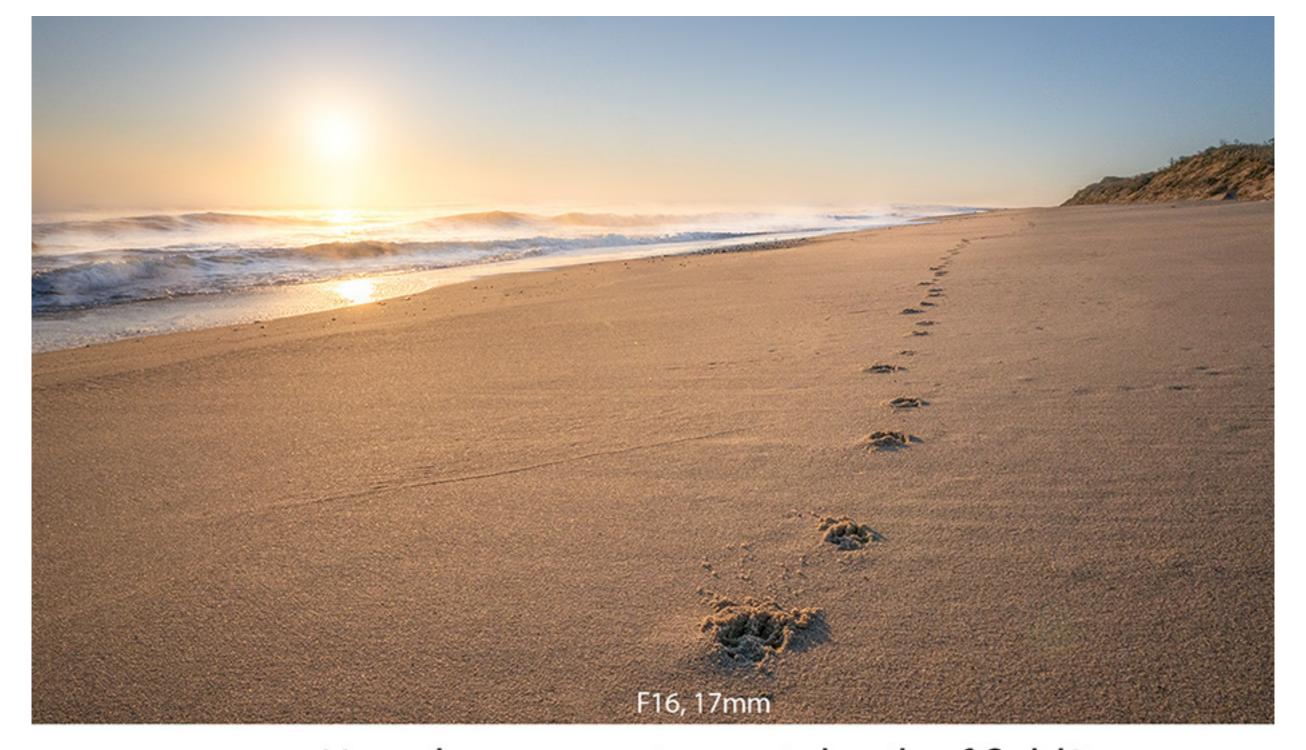


How do you create great depth of field? 1. High f-stop



How do you create great depth of field?

- 1. High f-stop
- 2. Not too close



How do you create great depth of field?

- 1. High f-stop
- 2. Not too close
- 3. Wide angle lens









How do you freeze the action?



How do you freeze the action? Fast shutter speed.



How do you freeze the action? Fast shutter speed.

Anywhere from 1/250th sec. to 1/4000th+, depending.



Landscape Settings



Landscape Settings

Aperture: F8-16

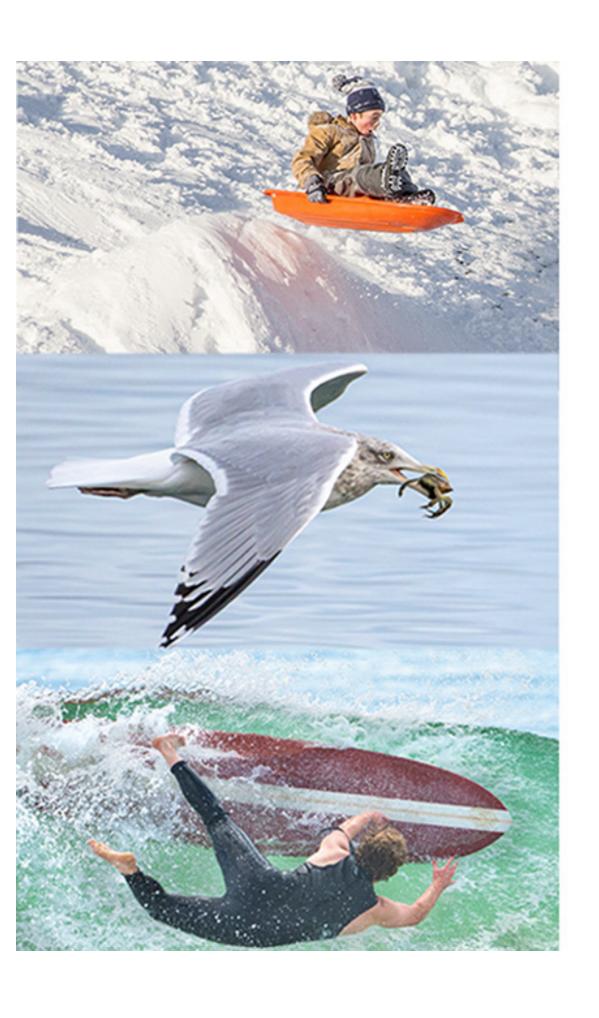
ISO: Lowest possible w/appropriate shutter speed

Tripod

Wide angle lens (any lens will do)



Action Settings



Action Settings

Shutter Priority or Manual

Shutter speed: 1/1000th - 1/4000th sec.

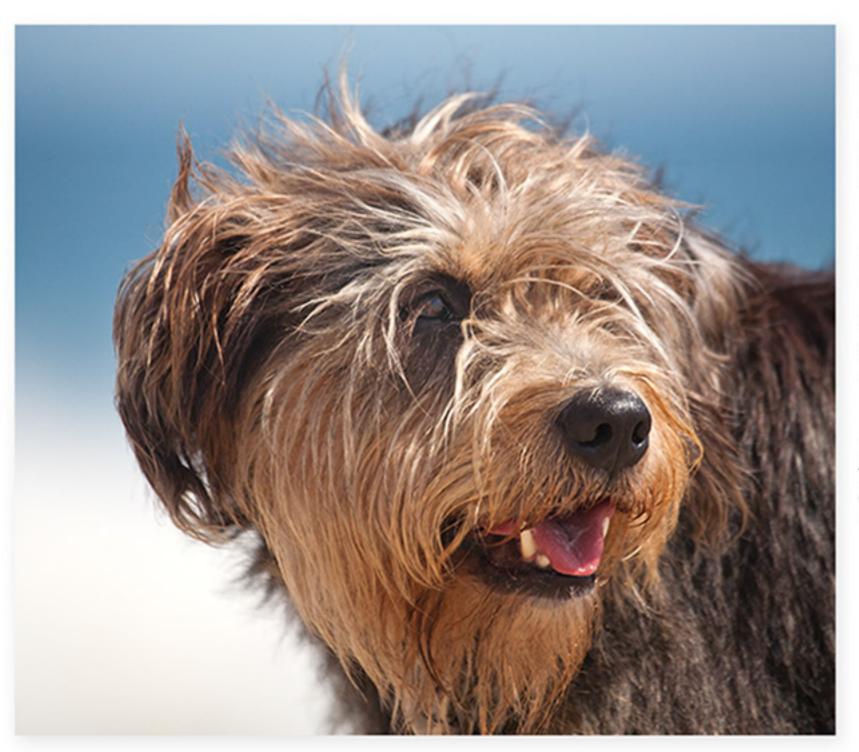
Auto ISO

Focus Mode: AF-C/Servo

Drive Mode: High speed

Aperture: Depends on what you want,

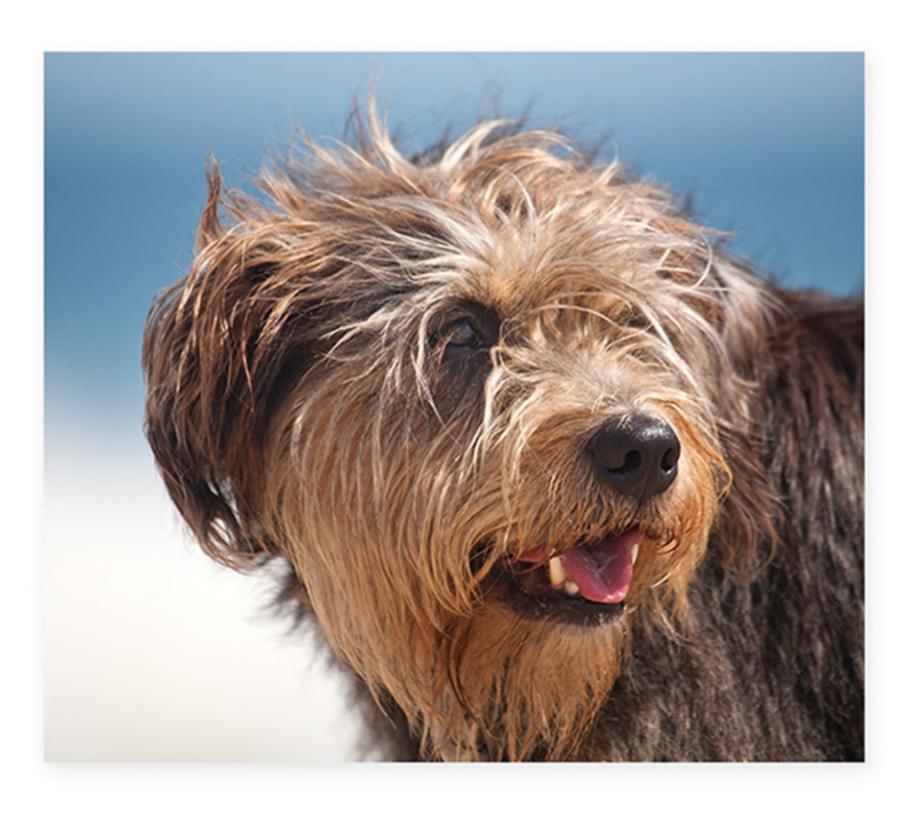
available light, etc.



Portrait Settings

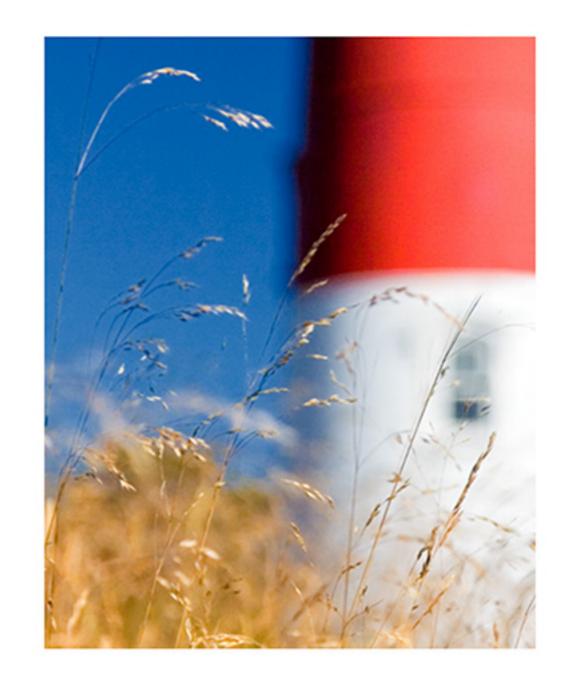
Lower f-stop for shallowish DOF/ isolation (F-4ish)

Adjust ISO, shutter speed to support aperture



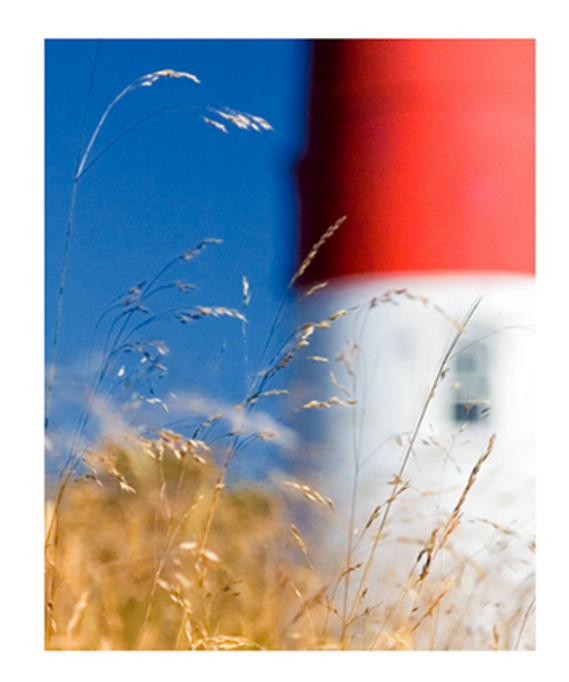
Portrait Settings





How do you control which part of the picture is in focus?

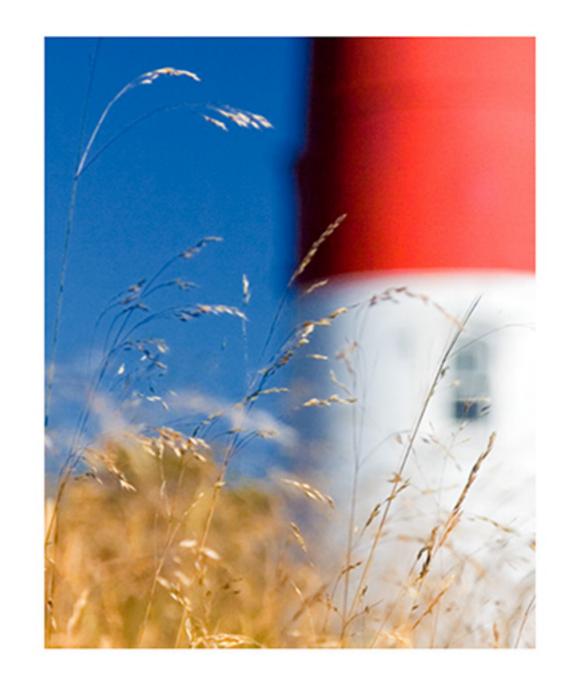




How do you control which part of the picture is in focus?

Moving your focus point.

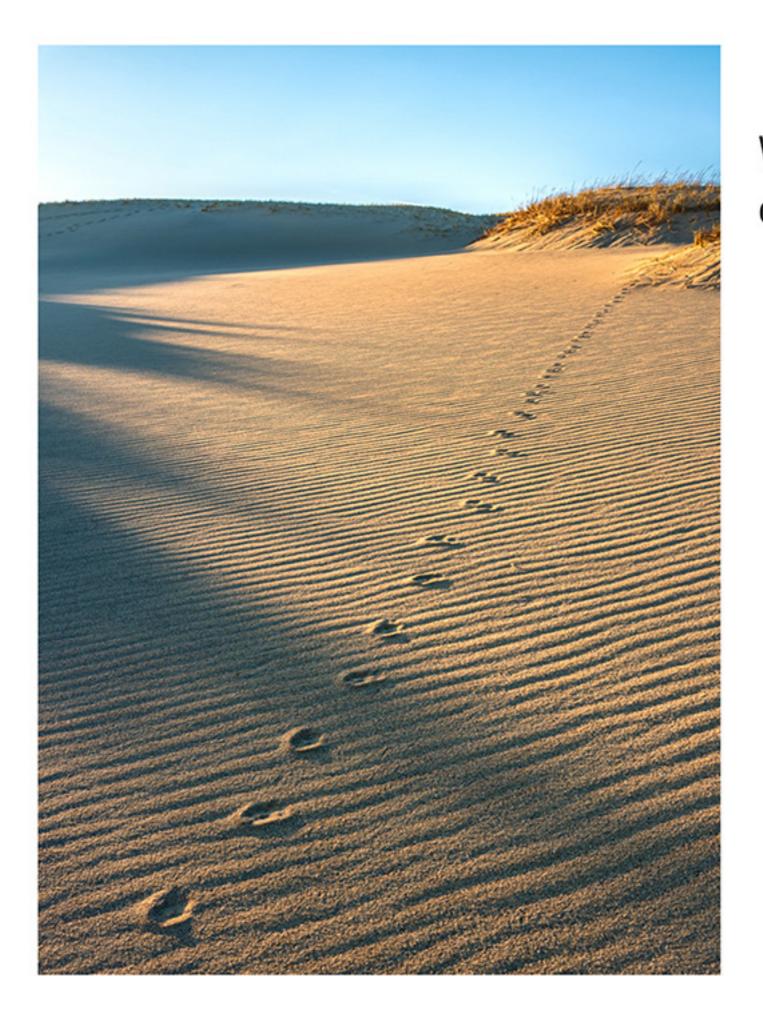


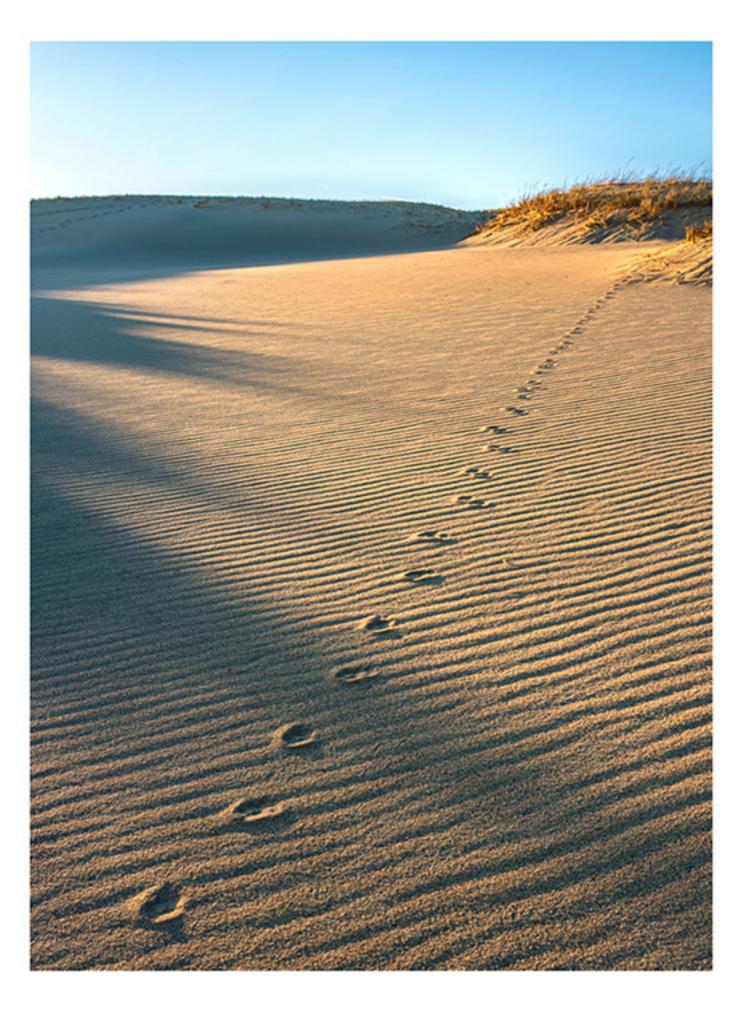


How do you control which part of the picture is in focus?

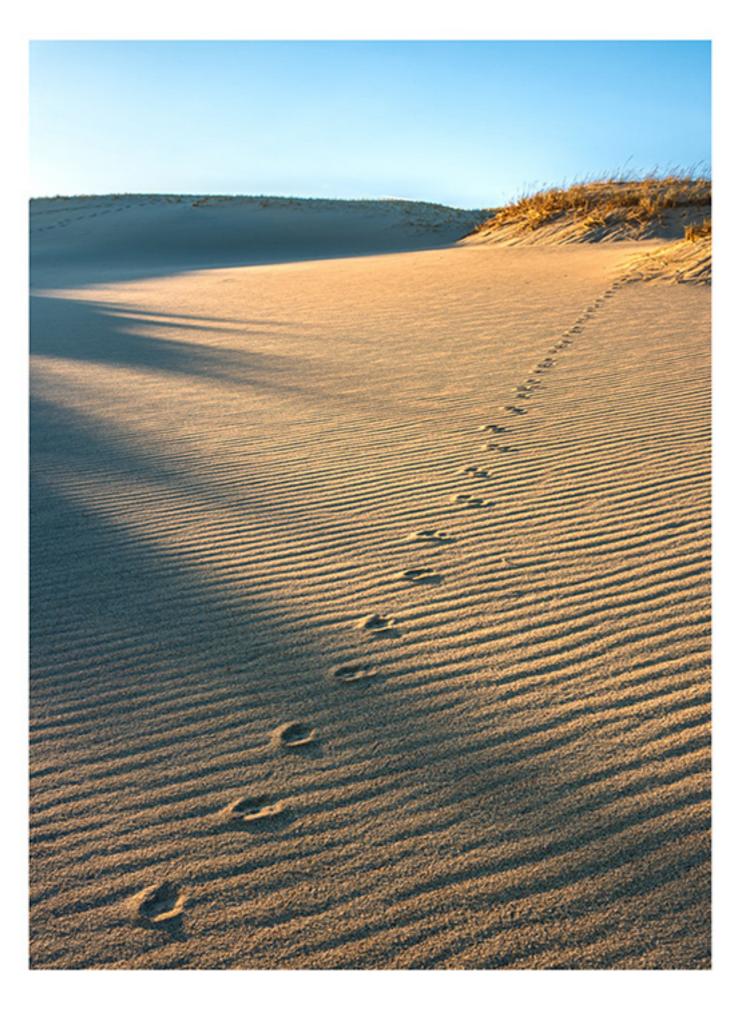
Moving your focus point.

Focus lock.

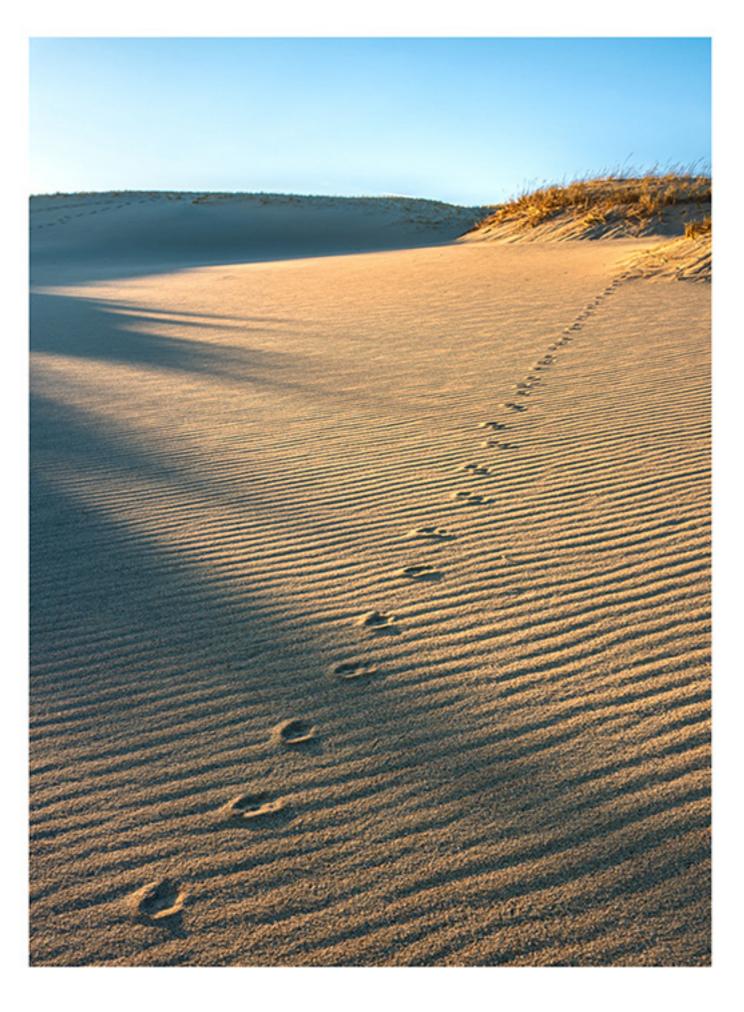




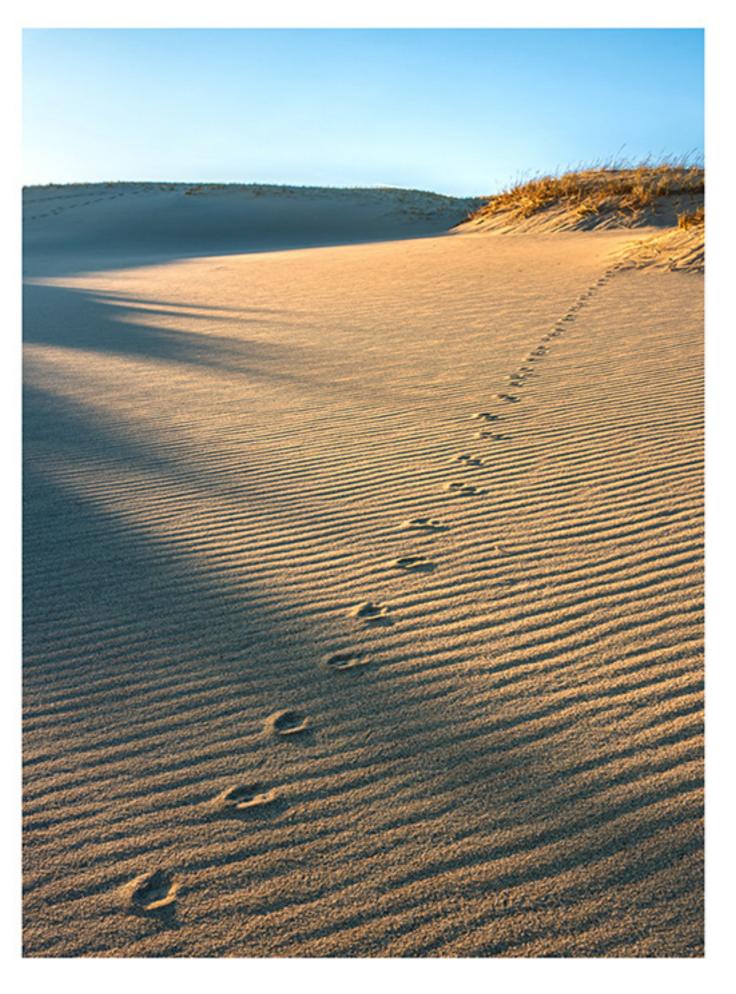
1. Quantity/Luminence



- 1. Quantity/Luminence
- 2. Quality/Direct or Diffuse



- 1. Quantity/Luminence
- 2. Quality/Direct or Diffuse
- 3. Color



- 1. Quantity/Luminence
- 2. Quality/Direct or Diffuse
- 3. Color
- 4. Direction



What time of day has the "best" light?



What time of day has the "best" light?

Golden hour.

Which is when?



What time of day has the "best" light?

Golden hour.

Which is when?

Hour after sunsrise/before sunset (more or less)



Photography is called the art of ...?



... the art of seeing.

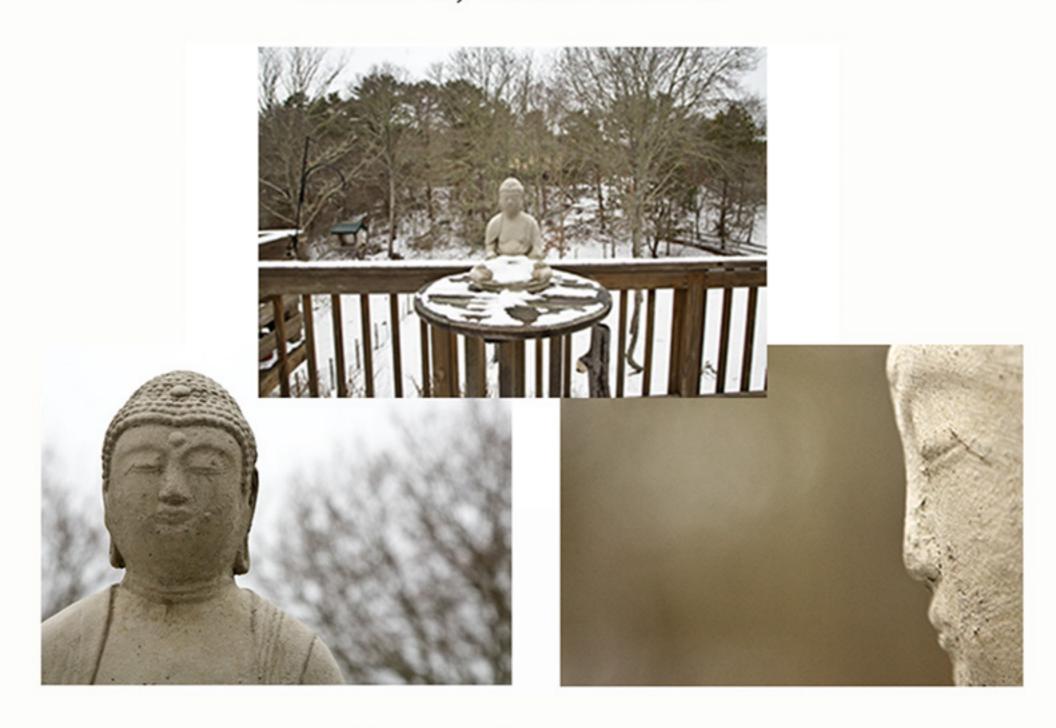


What are some of the key design elements in composition?

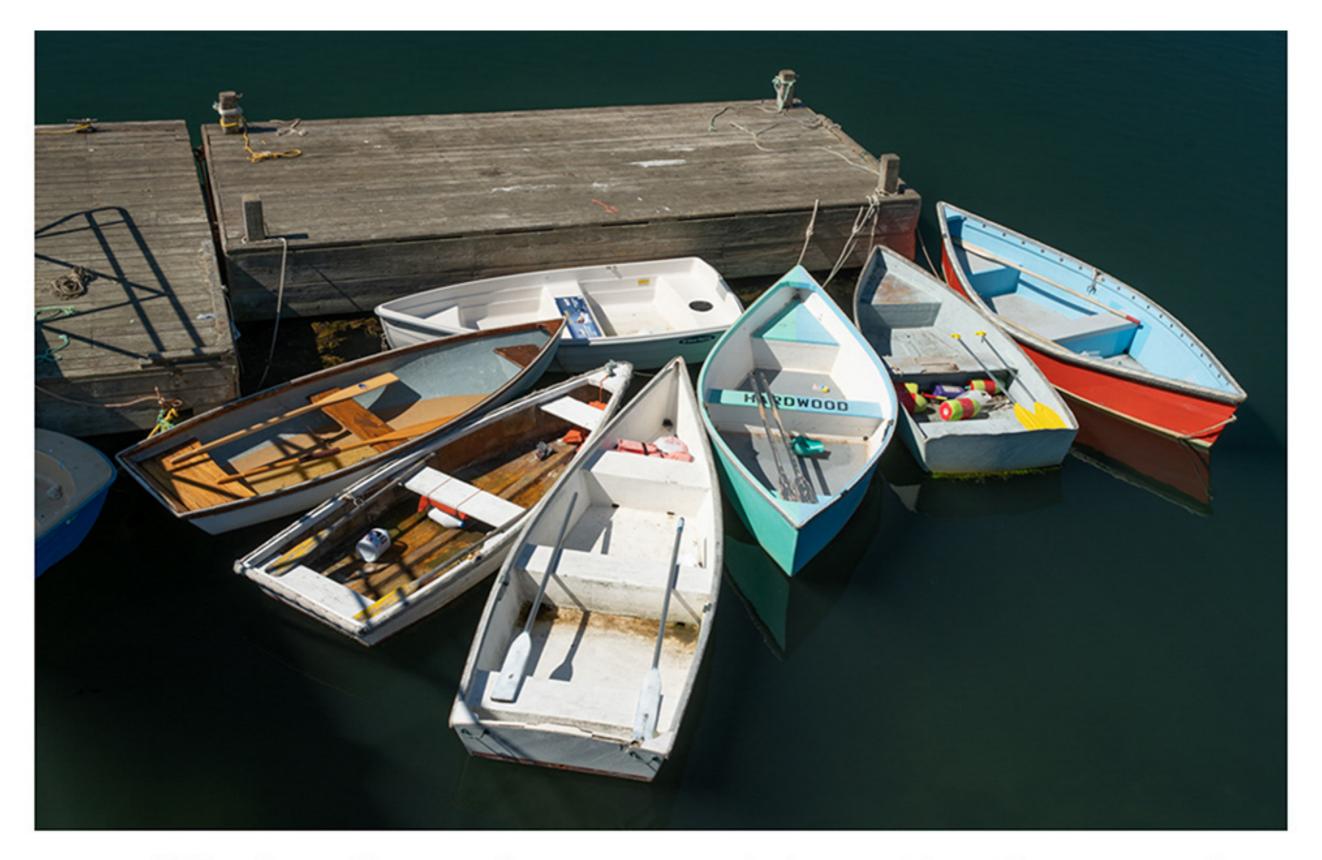


Framing, focal points, lines, patterns, texture, light, color, etc.

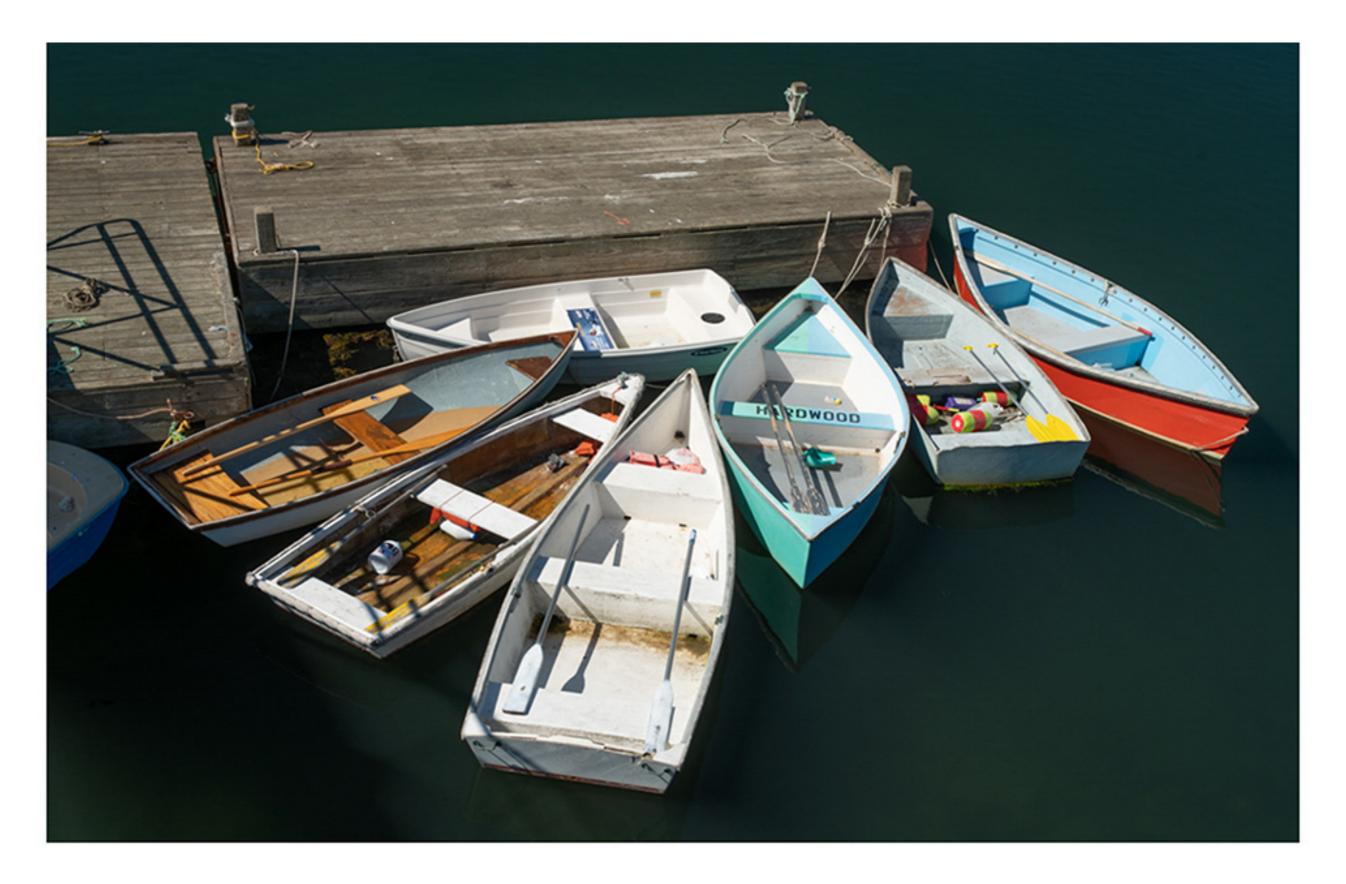
Composition Make it, don't take it



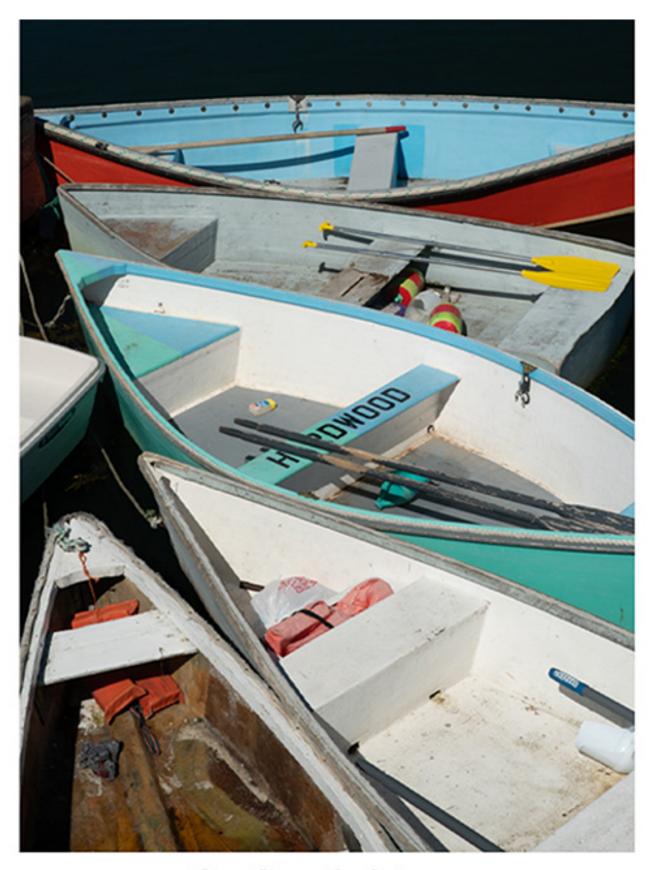
Work the scene



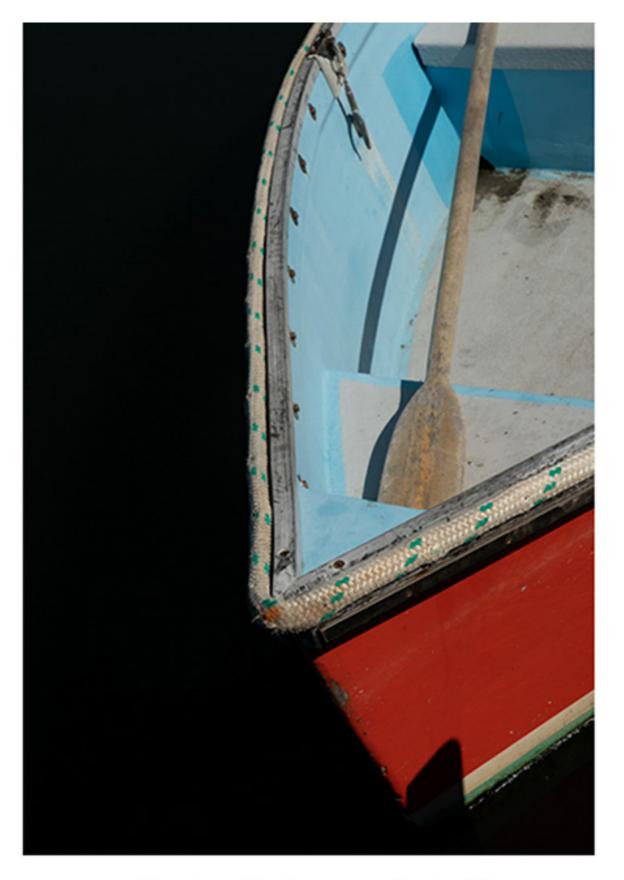
What's a three-step approach toworking the scene?



1. Go wide.

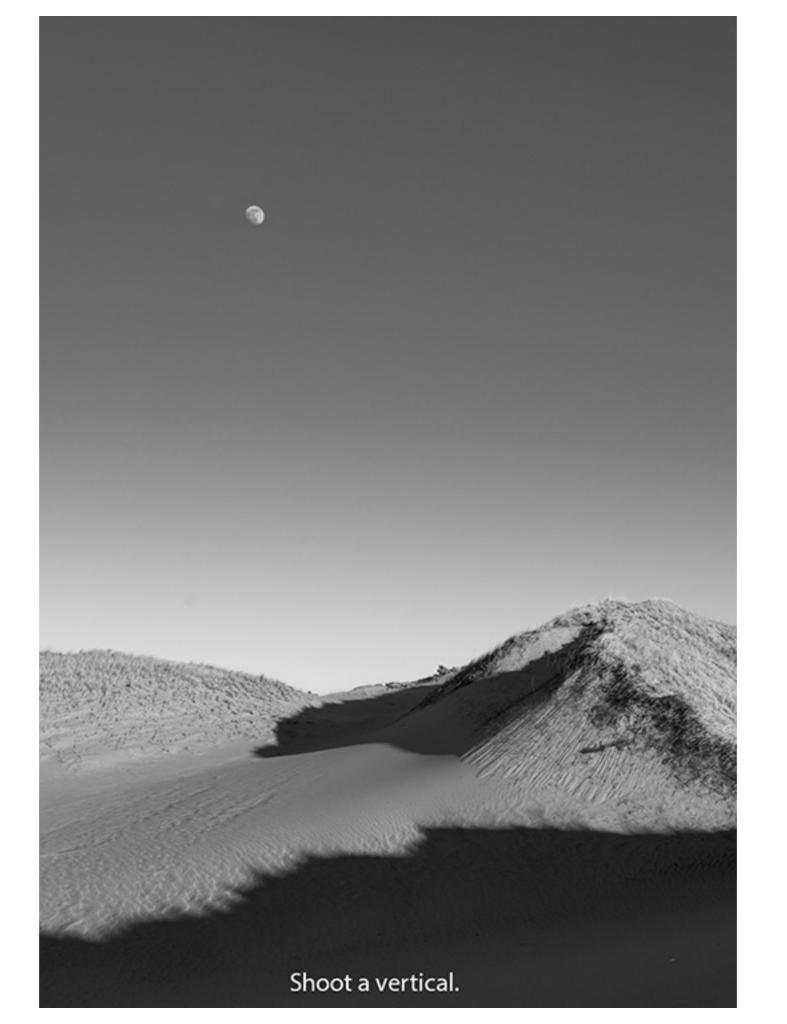


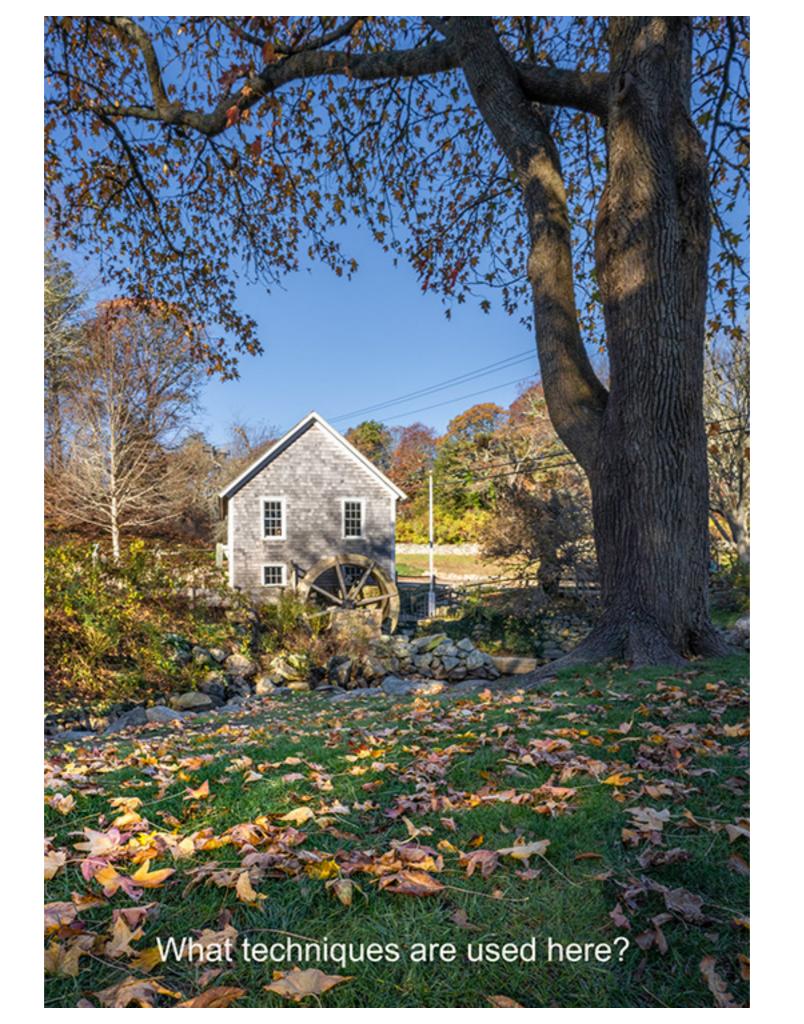
2. Go tighter.

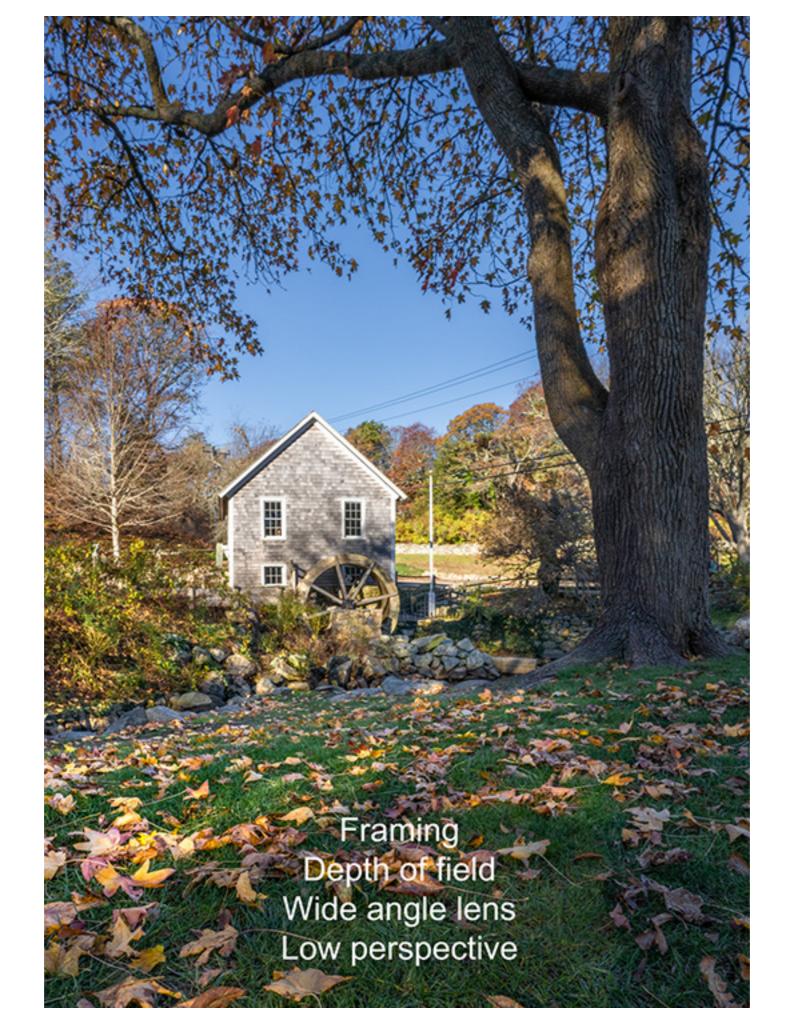


3. Isolate a detail.

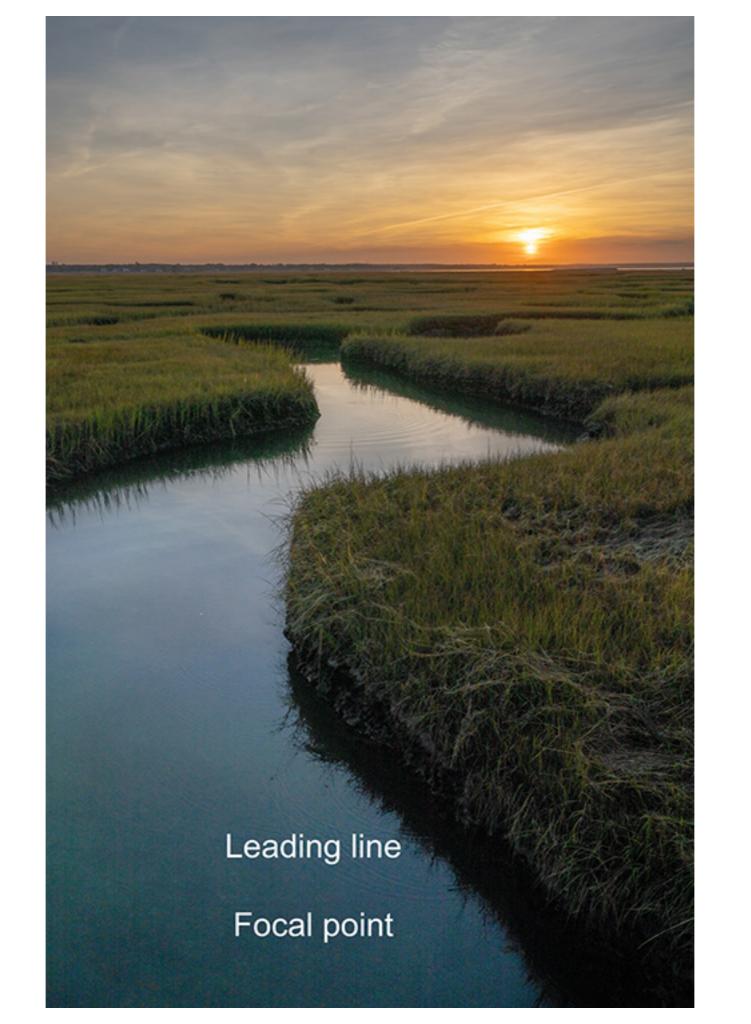










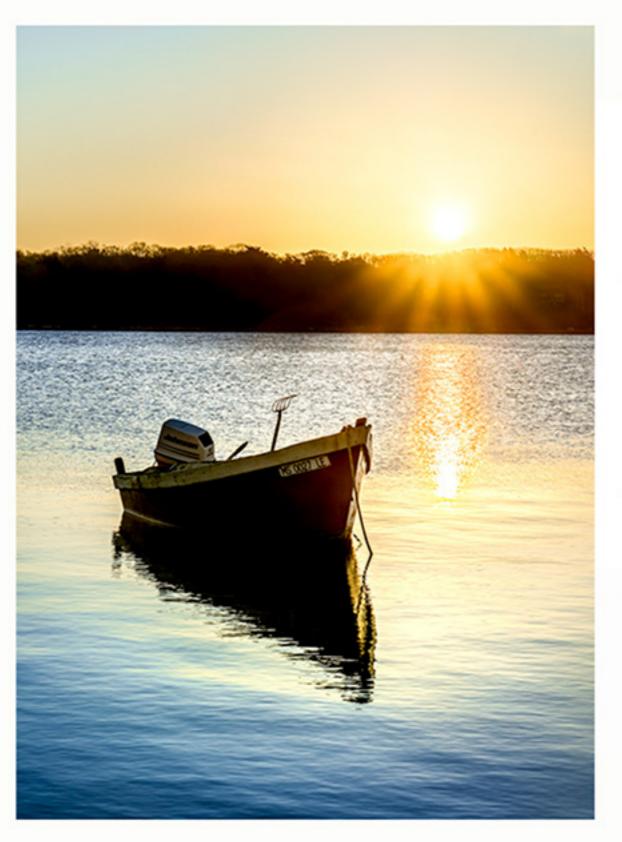




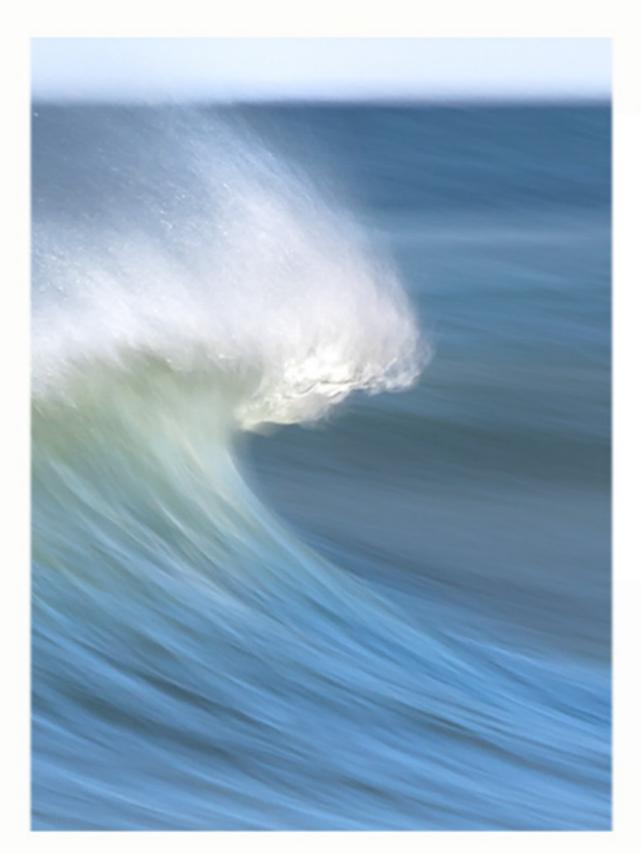
What about here?



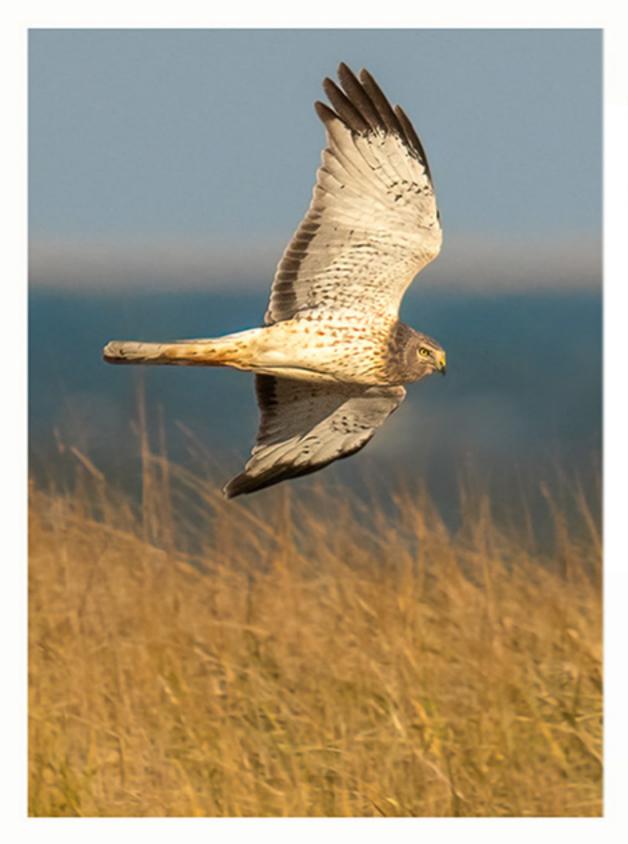
Focal point, texture, simplicity.



- Keep it simple
- It's a picture. Use the viewfinder as a frame (pay attention to the edges)
- Balance your composition (Rule of Thirds)
- Look for geometry (Lines, Points, Shapes)
- 5. See the Light
- Experiment with Time & Space (use shutter speed & DoF creatively)



- Work the scene.
- Use your imagination. Look for expressive things. .See horses in waves, whales in clouds, etc.
- 9. Learn to edit
- Think about what you want and "make" images.



- 11. Show your work.
 - Facebook, Instagram, etc.
 - Print your work (Orleans Camera, Hunt's Photo, mpix.com)
 - Create books (blurb.com) of special events, vacations, etc.
 - Enter exhibitions live and online



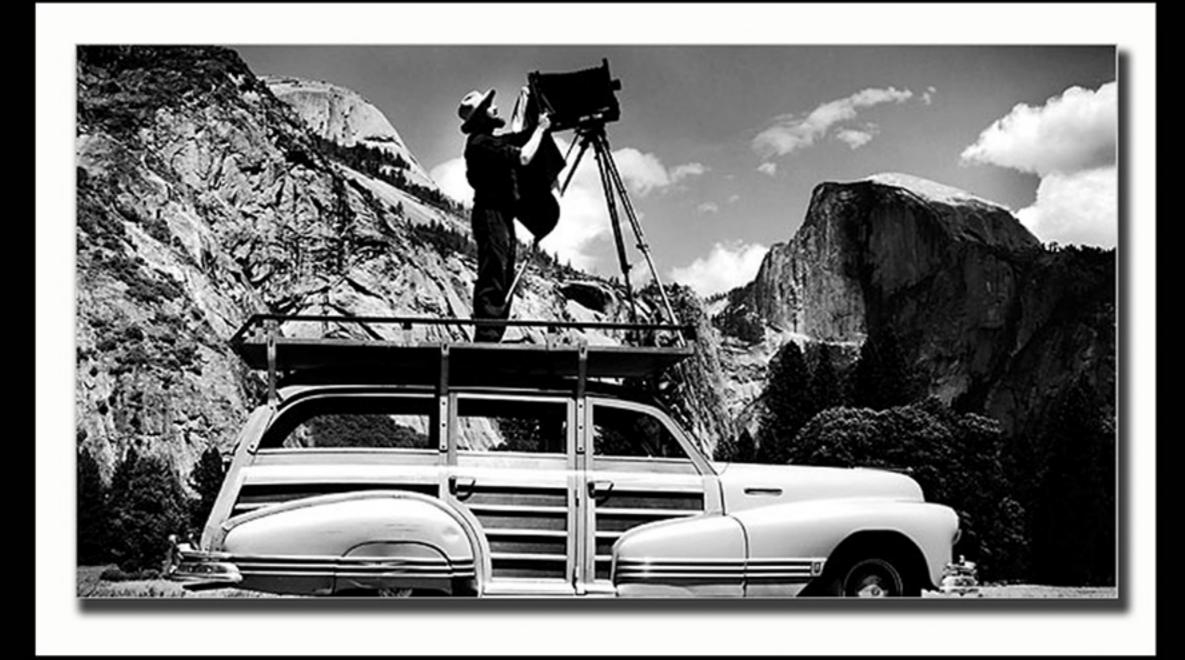
12. Practice

- Make lots of images
- Study paintings and photographs
- Keep learning. Take classes and workshops, Youtube, join a camera club



You don't take a photograph...you make it.

- Ansel Adams



There are no rules for good photographs, there are only good photographs.

Ansel Adams

Coming Up

CLASSES

Lightroom Basics & Beyond Saturdays, 10-12, starting March 2

Photographer's Eye Spring

WORKSHOPS

Cape Cod Winterscapes February 23-25 FULL

The Art & Craft of Intentional Camera Movement April 26-27

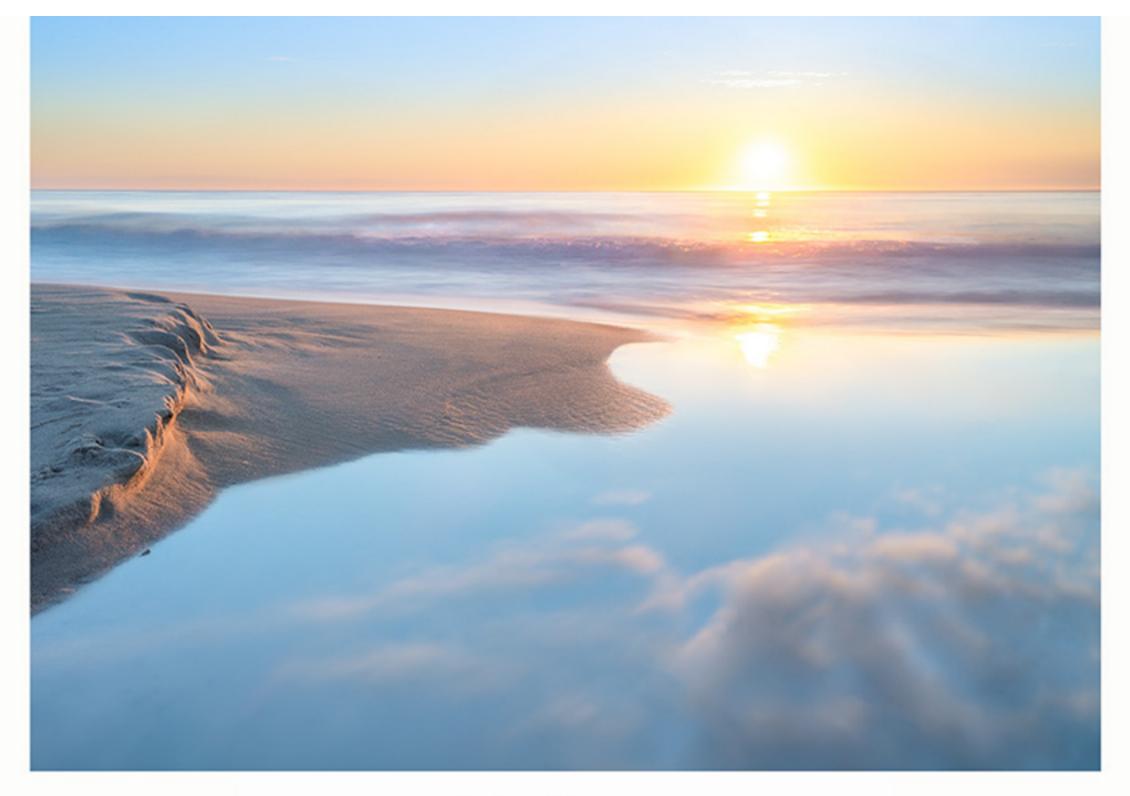
> Cape Cod Milky way Photography June 6-8

> > Cape Cod Night Photography Summer 2023

Creative Coastal Photography July 31-August 2

Downeast Maine and Campobello Island October 4-9





John Tunney

www.jtunney.com john@jtunney.com 774-994-0117